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Third Committee - Social, Humanitarian & Cultural

This group focuses on the rights of people. It wants all people to be free to make their own choices. They believe human rights are important and apply to every person in the world.

The members of this committee discuss human rights. They encourage states to respect the rights of citizens. During the year, they hear a lot of reports from experts and groups about the human rights records of states. Social issues are important to this committee. Questions of crime prevention, drug control, youth, elderly and others are discussed.

This committee works closely with the Human Rights Council. They passed resolutions on the protection of children, how refugees should be treated, and ending racism.

Agenda Item 26.A – Social development including questions relating to the world social situation and to youth, ageing, disabled persons and the family

This is an agenda item that covers many different issues. Countries often divide this agenda item into four topics: youth, ageing, disabled persons and the family. In 2016, at the 71st session of the UN, they passed 3 different resolutions. In the interest of simplicity, your committee will be focusing on creating a resolution in relation to the situation people with disabilities face.

The term "persons with disabilities" covers a wide range of disabilities. One of the definitions promoted by the UN is "those who have long-term physical, mental intellectual or sensory impairments which in interaction with various barriers may hinder their full and effective participation in society on an equal basis with others." A person can be born with a disability, have an injury or disease that causes a disability, or develop a disability over time. As people grow older and become elderly they often develop disabilities. This is one reason why disability activists argue this topic should be important to all people.

It is important to remember that the disability is not in the person – it is in the society which does not allow the person to enjoy equal rights. Treating everybody the same does not mean everyone is being treated equally. People with disabilities often need supports to engage with society. This can be as simple as making sidewalks with curb cuts so people with physical disabilities can move about easier.

In the past persons with disabilities faced legal discrimination. In the United States, many cities had "ugly laws". This made it illegal for "unsightly" or "unseemly" people to be go out in public. It was not until the 1970s that many of these laws were revoked. Around the world, people with disabilities continue to be discriminated against.

The United Nations made 1981 the *International Year of Disabled Persons*. In 1982, the attention brought to the problems people with disabilities face encouraged the UN to create the *World Programme of Action Concerning Disabled Persons*. 1983-1992 was the *Decade of Disabled Persons*. This motivated many countries to improve the situation for people with disabilities in their countries. Every year, December 3rd is the *International Day of Persons with Disabilities*.

The language used when referring to people with disabilities is important. Some groups encourage person-first language. This means when you talk about people with disabilities you identify them as a people first. For example, you would say person with autism instead of autistic person. However, some groups reject person-first language. The Deaf community prefers the term deaf person. They do not see deafness as a disability but as a source of pride. They feel they are experiencing the world in a different way than people who can hear. It is not better or worse.

In the past, there were many words used to describe people with disabilities that would now be offensive. Some examples are handicapped, deaf and dumb, lame, mentally retarded or midget. Many of these words were acceptable at one time but became offensive. Sometimes it was because these words were turned into insults. Other words were chosen without asking people in the community who had the disability what their thoughts were. When talking about people with disabilities it is important to use the language that they are comfortable using.

The Sustainable Development Goals 2030 will directly impact people with disabilities. Goal 4 for quality education, Goal 8 for decent work, Goal 10 for reduced inequalities, Goal 11 for inclusive cities and Goal 17 for global partnership all mention disabilities. Since people with disabilities are one of the groups most at-risk this is an important step. We need to state specifically what needs to happen to support them.

People with mental disabilities face a lot of discrimination. Often, other people or governments think that they know what is best for people with mental disabilities. In Canada, a woman was not allowed to accuse a person who hurt her because she did not know what an oath was. The court did not think she could tell that it was a serious situation and promise to tell the truth. The case eventually went to the Supreme Court. In 2012 they decided that people with mental disabilities can be trusted to tell the truth in court. Women with mental disabilities are more likely to be hurt. This ruling will protect other women with mental disabilities.

World Programme of Action Concerning Disabled Persons

This programme was developed in 1982. It encourages countries to look at disabilities from a human rights perspective. This was important because people with disabilities were looked at as things that needed to be "fixed". Instead, society needs to fix itself so that all citizens can enjoy their human rights. It provides countries with a lot of information about how they can become more inclusive.

Convention of the Rights of Persons with Disabilities

This convention was adopted on 13 December 2006. It encourages people to recognize that people with disabilities are people who have rights and can make decisions for themselves. It also highlights areas where the rights of persons with disabilities need to be protected such as in the workforce and during natural disasters. 170 countries ratified the convention. It entered into force on 3 May 2008.

Committee on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities

This is a group of independent experts who watch to make sure states who signed the *Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities* are making the right changes and protecting the rights of people with disabilities. Countries write reports every four years on what they are doing. The Committee makes suggestions on how they can improve. It can also investigate complaints made by individuals against a country if the government is not protecting the rights of people with disabilities. They meet in Geneva Switzerland twice per year.

Special Rapporteur on the Rights of the Persons with Disabilities

The Human Rights Council passed a resolution to create this position. The Special Rapporteur works with countries to promote good practices to help people with disabilities realize their rights. The Rapporteur also raises awareness about the rights of people with disabilities and makes recommendations on how things can be improved. On 1 December 2014 Ms. Catalina Devandas Aguilar was appointed to be the first person to fill this position.

Disability Statistics People with disabilities are 4 times more likely to be 1 million Afghans are treated badly when trying disabled by conflict in to get health care. their country 1 in 7 people ½ of the people in the world with disabilities live with a cannot afford disability. That health care. is 1 billion people! 200 million 60 million people need people need glasses but do wheelchairs not have access but do not to them. have one.

Guiding Questions

- 1. Research the people with disabilities rights movement in your country. When did your country begin to address these rights?
- 2. Does your country have problems with discrimination against people with disabilities? What laws does it have to protect people with disabilities?
- 3. How can states work together to protect the rights of people with disabilities?
- 4. Read this plain language version of the Convention on the Rights of Disabled Persons: https://tinyurl.com/j7bx9oh. Why do the rights of people with disabilities need to so specific?
- 5. How can countries make it easier for people with disabilities to access to technology that can improve their lives?
- 6. One of the reasons for discrimination against people with disabilities is because of stereotypes. How can governments help to stop the stereotyping of people with disabilities?
- 7. People with disabilities is a very diverse group. How might different disabilities require different accommodations in society? What accommodations do you see around you every day?
- 8. Does the problem exist in your community?
- 9. Who is working on it? NGOs, not for profits, other groups or individuals?
- 10. Knowing about this problem, how does it impact your world view?
- 11. How could you make an impact on this issue through your life choices?

Resources

Title	Hyperlink	How is it helpful?
The National Consortium on Leadership and Disability for Youth	http://www.ncld- youth.info/index.php?id=01	A website aimed at youth and focusing on disability education.
Division for Social Policy and Development Disability	https://www.un.org/development /desa/disabilities/	Official website of the United Nations for disability issues.
Disability-Inclusive: Sustainable Development Goals	http://www.un.org/disabilities/do cuments/sdgs/disability_inclusiv e_sdgs.pdf	A poster showing the SDGs that work to improve the lives of people with disabilities.
Disability Rights Around the World: from 1944 to the Present Day	https://www.theguardian.com/gl obal-development- professionals-network/ng- interactive/2016/jun/22/disability -rights-around-the-world-from- 1944-to-the-present-day	A Guardian newspaper timeline of all the main disability milestones of the last 73 years.
Disability Statistics	https://www.disabled- world.com/disability/statistics/	An overview of disability statistics from the World Health Organization
Respectful Disability Language: Here's What's Up!	http://www.miusa.org/sites/defa ult/files/documents/resource/Re spectful%20Disability%20Langu age.pdf	A document created by the National Youth Leadership Network to discuss how to use respectful disability language.
International Day of Persons with Disabilities	http://www.un.org/en/events/dis abilitiesday/	The official website for the International Day of Persons with Disabilities.
Disability and Rehabilitation	http://www.who.int/disabilities/en /	The World Health Organization's site about people with disabilities.
It's About Ability	https://www.unicef.org/publicatio ns/files/Its_About_Ability_final pdf	A UNICEF booklet that explains the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities

United Nations A/RES/71/165



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Seventy-first session Agenda item 26 (*a*)

Resolution adopted by the General Assembly on 19 December 2016

[on the report of the Third Committee (A/71/476)]

71/165. Inclusive development for persons with disabilities

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 69/142 of 18 December 2014 and its previous relevant resolutions, including those on internationally agreed development goals, including the Millennium Development Goals, as well as relevant resolutions of the Human Rights Council and of the Economic and Social Council and its functional commissions, and stressing the need for their full application and implementation for persons with disabilities,

Reaffirming the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, which it adopted on 13 December 2006 and which entered into force on 3 May 2008, a landmark convention affirming the human rights and fundamental freedoms of persons with disabilities, recognizing that it is both a human rights and a development instrument, encouraging its ratification by Member States and its implementation by States parties, and taking note of the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities,

Reaffirming also the outcome document of the high-level meeting of the General Assembly on the realization of the Millennium Development Goals and other internationally agreed development goals for persons with disabilities, held on 23 September 2013 at the level of Heads of State and Government, with the overarching theme "The way forward: a disability-inclusive development agenda towards 2015 and beyond", and reaffirming also the commitments contained therein,

Recalling all operational frameworks in which persons with disabilities are recognized as both development agents and beneficiaries in all aspects of development,

Recalling also the Copenhagen Declaration on Social Development and the Programme of Action of the World Summit for Social Development, 4 the outcome

⁴ Report of the World Summit for Social Development, Copenhagen, 6–12 March 1995 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.96.IV.8), chap. I, resolution 1, annexes I and II.





¹ United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 2515, No. 44910.

² Ibid., vol. 2518, No. 44910.

³ Resolution 68/3

document of the high-level plenary meeting of the General Assembly on the Millennium Development Goals, ⁵ the outcome document of the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development, entitled "The future we want", ⁶ the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015–2030, adopted at the Third United Nations World Conference on Disaster Risk Reduction, ⁷ the Addis Ababa Action Agenda of the Third International Conference on Financing for Development, ⁸ the outcome document of the 2016 high-level plenary meeting of the Assembly on HIV and AIDS, entitled "Political Declaration on HIV and AIDS: On the Fast Track to Accelerating the Fight against HIV and to Ending the AIDS Epidemic by 2030", ⁹ the outcome document of the World Conference on Indigenous Peoples, ¹⁰ the Charter on Inclusion of Persons with Disabilities in Humanitarian Action, launched during the first World Humanitarian Summit, and the New Urban Agenda, adopted at the United Nations Conference on Housing and Sustainable Urban Development (Habitat III), ¹¹ which contain references to the rights, participation, perspectives and well-being of persons with disabilities in development efforts,

Welcoming the adoption of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, ¹² which is inclusive of persons with disabilities and in which Member States pledged to leave no one behind, and acknowledging that Member States, while implementing the 2030 Agenda, should, inter alia, respect, protect and promote human rights and fundamental freedoms for all, without discrimination of any kind,

Welcoming also the follow-up and review of progress in the implementation of the Sustainable Development Goals by the high-level political forum on sustainable development and the inclusion of persons with disabilities as stakeholders in its work, as set out in resolution 67/290 of 9 July 2013,

Welcoming further the panel discussion organized by the President of the General Assembly and held on 13 June 2016 to follow up on the status of and progress made towards the realization of the development goals for persons with disabilities in relation to the follow-up to the outcome document of the high-level meeting of the General Assembly on the realization of the Millennium Development Goals and other internationally agreed development goals for persons with disabilities and to the principles of the Convention,

Recognizing that persons with disabilities make up an estimated 15 per cent of the world's population, or 1 billion people, of whom an estimated 80 per cent live in developing countries, and that persons with disabilities are disproportionately affected by poverty,

Gravely concerned that persons with disabilities, in particular women, children, youth, persons with albinism, indigenous peoples and older persons, continue to be subject to multiple, aggravated and intersecting forms of discrimination, and noting that, while progress has already been made by Governments, the international community and the United Nations system in

⁵ Resolution 65/1.

⁶ Resolution 66/288, annex.

⁷ Resolution 69/283, annex II.

⁸ Resolution 69/313, annex.

⁹ Resolution 70/266, annex.

¹⁰ Resolution 69/2.

¹¹ Resolution 71/256, annex.

¹² Resolution 70/1.

mainstreaming disability, in particular the rights of persons with disabilities, as an integral part of the development agenda, major challenges remain,

Concerned that women and girls with disabilities are often among the most vulnerable and marginalized in society, and recognizing the need for national development strategies and efforts to promote gender equality and the empowerment of women and girls with disabilities and the realization of their human rights,

Recognizing that persons with disabilities are often disproportionately affected in situations of risk, including situations of armed conflict, humanitarian emergencies and the occurrence of natural disasters and in their aftermath, and that they require specific protection and safety measures, and recognizing also the need to support further participation and inclusion of persons with disabilities in the development of such measures and decision-making processes relating thereto,

Recognizing also the collective responsibility of Governments to uphold the principles of human dignity, equality and equity at the global level, and in this sense stressing the duty of Member States to achieve the full application and implementation of the international normative framework on persons with disabilities and human rights and development,

Recognizing further that, while considerable progress has been made, the mainstreaming of disability, including the rights of persons with disabilities, remains a global challenge, and recognizing that further efforts are needed to strengthen the normative and operational links to effectively integrate the rights, participation, perspectives and needs of persons with disabilities in development policies and programmes,

Stressing its resolve to build inclusive societies and, in this regard, the importance of mainstreaming the rights, participation, perspectives, needs and wellbeing of persons with disabilities into all relevant strategies and programmes for sustainable development, and reaffirming the valued existing and potential contributions made by persons with disabilities to the overall well-being and diversity of their communities,

Recognizing the rights of persons with disabilities with respect to full and effective participation and inclusion in society, and therefore recognizing also that persons with disabilities should have the opportunity to be actively involved in decision-making processes about policies and programmes, including national and international development programmes, with a view to ensuring that such policies and programmes are inclusive of and accessible to persons with disabilities,

Underlining the need for urgent action by all stakeholders towards the adoption and implementation of more ambitious disability-inclusive national development strategies and actions, backed by increased international cooperation and support,

Stressing the need for capacity development efforts aimed at empowering persons with disabilities and their representative organizations to ensure equal access to full and productive employment and decent work on an equal basis and without discrimination to persons with disabilities, including by promoting access to inclusive education systems, skills development, volunteering opportunities and vocational and entrepreneurial training in order to enable persons with disabilities to attain and maintain maximum independence,

Recognizing the importance of guaranteeing accessibility, mobility and road safety for persons with disabilities in the context of cities and other human settlements,

Recognizing also the growing contribution of sport to the realization of development and peace, and stressing that major international sporting events, such as the international Paralympic Games, should be organized in the spirit of peace, mutual understanding, friendship and tolerance, where persons with disabilities have an opportunity to organize, develop and participate in disability-specific sporting and recreational activities, on an equal basis with others, and where the spirit of fair play prevails, violence is banned and fundamental ethical principles are upheld,

Concerned that the continuing lack of reliable statistics, data and information on the situation of persons with disabilities at the national, regional and global levels contributes to their exclusion in official statistics, presenting an obstacle to achieving development planning and implementation that is inclusive of persons with disabilities, and in this regard recognizing the need to intensify efforts to strengthen data collection and capacity-building of Member States to support the development of evidence-based policies and programmes inclusive of persons with disabilities and ensure that no one is left behind,

Stressing the importance of collecting and analysing reliable data on persons with disabilities following existing guidelines on disability statistics, ¹³ and their updates, encouraging ongoing efforts to improve data collection in order to disaggregate data with regard to persons with disabilities by gender and age, and underlining the need for internationally comparable data to assess progress on development policies that are inclusive of persons with disabilities,

Concerned that the lack of high-quality data required to provide viable baselines and measure progress towards the Sustainable Development Goals for persons with disabilities poses a significant challenge to effectively monitoring the implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development for persons with disabilities, and in this regard welcoming the call for the disaggregation of data by disability in the 2030 Agenda, which recognizes the need to significantly increase the availability of high-quality, accessible, timely and reliable data to measure progress in the implementation of the Goals for persons with disabilities,

- 1. Takes note with appreciation of the report of the Secretary-General on the realization of internationally agreed development goals for persons with disabilities and progress made in the implementation of the outcome document of the high-level meeting of the General Assembly on the realization of the Millennium Development Goals and other internationally agreed development goals for persons with disabilities¹⁴ and the recommendations contained therein;
- 2. Expresses appreciation to Member States and United Nations entities that have submitted information on progress made towards the realization of the internationally agreed development goals, including on specific priorities for action, and data and analysis on persons with disabilities, and urges Member States and relevant United Nations entities to submit information for inclusion in the report of

¹³ Such as the *Guidelines and Principles for the Development of Disability Statistics* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.01.XVII.15) and the *Principles and Recommendations for Population and Housing Censuses* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.07.XVII.8).

¹⁴ A/71/214.

the Secretary-General on the implementation of the present resolution and in his flagship report to be submitted to the General Assembly in 2018;¹⁵

- 3. Recalls Human Rights Council resolution 26/20 of 27 June 2014, ¹⁶ in which the Council established the mandate of the Special Rapporteur on the rights of persons with disabilities, which included making concrete recommendations on how to better promote and protect the rights of persons with disabilities, how to promote development that is inclusive of and accessible to persons with disabilities and how to promote their role as both agents for and beneficiaries of development, and takes note with appreciation of the report of the Special Rapporteur ¹⁷ and the recommendations contained therein;
- 4. Welcomes the inclusion of persons with disabilities in the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, ¹² and recognizes that their participation is integral to the full and inclusive implementation of the Sustainable Development Goals;
- 5. Expresses appreciation to Member States and United Nations entities that have drafted strategies outlining their way forward in implementing the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development or are in the process of doing so, and encourages States, with the support of relevant stakeholders, to encourage the participation of persons with disabilities in the design and implementation of these strategies and ensure that the strategies are inclusive of persons with disabilities and respect, protect and promote their rights, bearing in mind the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities;¹
- 6. Urges Member States, United Nations agencies, international and regional organizations, regional integration organizations and financial institutions to make a concerted effort to include persons with disabilities and to integrate the principles of accessibility and inclusion into the monitoring and evaluation of the development goals;
- 7. Urges Member States, United Nations agencies and other stakeholders to design and implement policies and programmes to address fully the rights of women and girls with disabilities and to ensure that the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development will be inclusive of and accessible to women and girls with disabilities;
- 8. Encourages Member States, the United Nations system and other stakeholders to foster cooperation and to further improve coordination among existing international processes and instruments in order to advance a disability-inclusive global agenda and to facilitate cross-learning and the sharing of information, practices, tools and resources that are inclusive of and accessible to persons with disabilities;
- 9. Reaffirms that social integration and economic policies should seek to reduce inequalities, promote access to basic social services, education for all and health-care services, eliminate discrimination, increase the participation and integration of social groups, particularly persons with disabilities, and address the challenges posed to social development by globalization and market-driven reforms in order for all people in all countries to benefit from globalization;

¹⁵ Resolution 69/142, para. 21 (b).

¹⁶ See Official Records of the General Assembly, Sixty-ninth Session, Supplement No. 53 (A/69/53), chap. V, sect. A.

¹⁷ A/71/314.

- 10. Emphasizes the importance of mainstreaming the rights, participation, perspectives and needs of persons with disabilities in disaster risk reduction, recognizes the need for their inclusion in and contribution to disaster preparedness, emergency response, recovery and the transition from relief to development, as well as the implementation of policies and programmes that are inclusive of and accessible to persons with disabilities, and also recognizes the disproportionate impact of disasters on women and girls with disabilities;
- 11. Encourages Member States, the United Nations system and relevant stakeholders to strengthen coordination in the humanitarian, disaster and development spheres so as to strengthen resilience, better mitigate risks and support pathways towards recovery and development, including during humanitarian emergencies, for persons with disabilities;
- 12. Encourages the mobilization of resources on a sustainable basis to mainstream disability, including the rights of persons with disabilities, in development at all levels, and in this regard underlines the need to promote and strengthen international cooperation, including North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation, in support of national efforts, including, as appropriate, through the establishment of national mechanisms, in particular in developing countries;
- 13. Encourages Member States, United Nations organizations and mechanisms, including the Special Rapporteur on the rights of persons with disabilities, and the regional commissions to make all efforts to engage with and ensure accessibility for the full and effective participation and inclusion of persons with disabilities, in cooperation with organizations of persons with disabilities and, as appropriate, national human rights institutions, in development processes and decision-making at the local, national, regional and international levels;
- 14. Encourages Member States that have not yet done so to adopt a national disability strategy that can be operationalized, including through measurable and appropriate targets and indicators, and that assigns responsibility to and incorporates the views of a broad range of stakeholders, including persons with disabilities and their representative organizations;
- 15. Calls upon Member States, relevant regional organizations and United Nations bodies and agencies to ensure that all development policies and programmes, including those regarding poverty eradication, social protection, full and productive employment and decent work, and appropriate measures for financial inclusion as well as urban planning and accessible community and housing development, take into account the rights, participation, perspectives and needs of persons with disabilities on an equal basis with others;
- 16. Encourages Member States, international development institutions and other stakeholders, including those in the private sector, to promote accessibility, including through the application of universal design in all aspects of urban development, including the planning, design and construction of physical and virtual environments, public spaces, transportation and public services;
- 17. Urges Member States and regional and local governments to promote appropriate measures in cities and other human settlements that facilitate the access of persons with disabilities, on an equal basis with others, to the physical environment of cities, in particular to public spaces, public transport, housing, education and health facilities, public information and communication (including

information and communications technologies and systems) and other facilities and services open or provided to the public in both rural and urban areas;

- 18. Also urges Member States, at the local, regional and national levels, to improve road safety for persons with disabilities and to integrate road safety into sustainable mobility and transport infrastructure planning and design in cities and other human settlements;
- 19. Stresses the importance of enabling persons with disabilities to participate on an equal basis with others in recreational, leisure and sporting activities and of promoting sports for athletes with disabilities, without discrimination of any kind;
- 20. Welcomes the contributions made to the trust fund for the United Nations Partnership to Promote the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, and in this regard encourages Member States and other stakeholders to support its objectives, including by providing voluntary contributions;
- 21. Requests the United Nations system to facilitate technical assistance, within existing resources, including the provision of assistance for capacity-building and for the collection and compilation of national data and statistics on persons with disabilities, in particular to developing countries, and in this regard requests the Secretary-General, in accordance with existing international guidelines on disability statistics, to analyse, publish and disseminate disability data and statistics in future periodic reports, as appropriate, on the realization of the Sustainable Development Goals and other internationally agreed development goals for persons with disabilities;
- 22. Encourages the Statistical Commission, within existing resources, to update guidelines for the collection and analysis of data on persons with disabilities, taking into consideration relevant recommendations of the Washington Group on Disability Statistics, and also encourages the United Nations system, including the Special Rapporteur on the rights of persons with disabilities, within the scope of her mandate, to strengthen coherence and coordination across the United Nations system in order to promote the availability of internationally comparable data on the situation of persons with disabilities and to regularly include relevant data on disability or relevant qualitative facts, as appropriate, in relevant United Nations publications in the field of economic and social development;
- 23. *Encourages* Member States to take appropriate steps to expedite the mainstreaming of data on disability into official statistics;
- 24. Takes note of the multi-stakeholder panel discussion on the implementation of the post-2015 development agenda in the light of the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, held on 5 February 2016, during the fifty-fourth session of the Commission for Social Development, and recognizes the importance of undertaking similar initiatives in the future and the continued inclusion of persons with disabilities and their representative organizations;
- 25. Requests the Secretary-General, in coordination with all relevant United Nations entities, to submit information to the General Assembly at its seventy-third session on the implementation of the present resolution and of the outcome document of the high-level meeting of the General Assembly on the realization of the Millennium Development Goals and other internationally agreed development goals for persons with disabilities,³ and to make appropriate recommendations to further strengthen implementation.

65th plenary meeting 19 December 2016