

Resolution LEGAL/6/2.1

General Assembly Third Committee

Co-Sponsors: Republic of Albania, Commonwealth of Australia, Kingdom of Belgium, Canada, Central African Republic, Republic of Chad, Republic of Chile, People's Republic of China, Republic of Croatia, Kingdom of Denmark, Republic of Finland, Republic of France, Federal Republic of Germany, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Hellenic Republic, Hungary, Republic of India, Japan, Republic of Kazakhstan, State of Kuwait, Republic of Latvia, Kingdom of Netherlands, Republic of Palau, Russian Federation, Republic of Senegal, Republic of Singapore, Kingdom of Thailand, Republic of Togo, United States of America, Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, Socialist Republic of Vietnam

Topic: "The Special Committee on the Charter of the United Nations and on the Strengthening of the Role of the Organization"

Noting that there are many improvements that should be made in order to increase the strength, equality, and efficiency of the United Nations,

Recognizing the need for reform within many United Nations councils and committees,

Emphasizing the need for Security Council reform, particularly with regards to the five permanent members and their power,

Additionally, emphasizing the reform of peace keeping operations,

Concerned with the lack of human rights for all persons globally,

1. Urges the United Nations to reform the Security Council, particularly:
 - a. New additions to the permanent Security Council members, emphasizing South Africa and the four members of the G4 resolution,
 - b. A change to the veto system stating that two vetoes are needed to successfully overturn resolutions,
 - c. Encouragement to give veto power to developing countries,
 - d. Further encouragement that states with veto power be required to supply a fraction of the expenses for the Peace-keeping Force,
 - e. Recommends a thirty-year minimum of United Nations membership in order to apply for a permanent seat on the Security Council,
 - f. Recommends that the Security Council have meetings twice a year to discuss more recent issues;
2. Strongly encourages the United Nations to split the Peace-keeping Forces into three separate units, with resources provided by the Permanent Member States:
 - a. A unit to provide help to people affected by natural disasters,
 - b. A unit to protect people from terrorist groups and unlawful violence with regards to refugees,
 - c. A unit to prevent economic crises in developing countries;

3. Ensures member states that the peace keeping force will not be used to seek violence under any circumstances;
4. Encourages governments to fund the education and the work of peace keeping forces from their own countries;
5. Encourages an inspection agency to monitor the budget of the United Nations ensuring better safety of the world;
6. Recommends the updating of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights to reflect 21st century issues of human beings; and
7. Strengthens the United Nations by solving multiple issues pertaining to it and its operations.