

Resolution UNSC/ 2.1

United Nation Security Council

Co-Sponsors: Bolivia, China, Egypt, Ethiopia, France, Italy, Japan, Kazakhstan, Palestine, Russia, Senegal, Sweden, Ukraine, United Kingdom, Uruguay

Topic: "The Situation in Somalia"

The Security Council, recognizing its purpose to promote peace and security globally, aims to assist the failed state of Somalia by providing humanitarian aid to all those in need in the country, and stabilizing the federal government,

Recalling MS UNSC Resolution 1.1, which aims to eradicate terrorism,

Expressing deep concerns for the internally and externally displaced persons in Somalia,

Noting with deep concern the corruption prevalent in the federal government,

Alarmed by the dominion terrorist groups express in the region,

Deeply conscious of the piracy in Somali waters that has negatively affected the country's economy,

Aware of the current humanitarian assistance being given to the populace,

Expressing concern for the lack of NGO humanitarian aid,

Further deploring the inadequate gun control in the country,

Expressing concern for the lack of peacekeeping forces,

Deeply conscious of the need of border control to help internally displaced persons,

Taking into consideration the charcoal ban which has negatively impacted the country's economy,

Seeking to implement these suggestions in order to promote peace and international security,

1. Urges AMISOM and other NGOs to further improve factors such as but not limited to:
 - a. Infrastructure in the peaceful regions of Somalia
 - b. Agricultural programs to decrease crop failures;
2. Considers the creation of a more efficient weapon legalization process through

- a. Implementing a national database of all weapon holders with access provided to the United Nations
 - b. Emphasizes the need to utilize technology to identify faux documents during vetting;
3. Improving tracking techniques to locate the main illegal trade routes;
 - a. Authorizing the utilization of technology for this purpose
 - b. Permitting the implementation of undercover personnel to prevent the use of these trade routes;
4. Expresses its hope for the General Assembly to legalize charcoal exports for the Somali Federal Government to take control of
 - a. Restarting and assisting the Somali economy
 - b. Improving international trade relations;
5. Encourages peacekeepers possessing additional aid to sustain and stabilize the situation in Somalia;
6. Further recommends more developed nations to provide military aid
 - a. Encouraging nations to send armed ships to zone Somali waters for the prevention of piracy and illegal fishing;
7. Endorses the stationing of military forces around terrorist riddled territories
 - a. Restricting their supply sources in a manner that does not place the civilians' lives at risk;
8. Emphasizes the need to improve living conditions in refugee camps such as but not limited to:
 - a. Sanitary facilities
 - b. Providing adequate nutrition;
9. Further recommends the implementation of legal advisors from developed nations to begin to stabilize the Somali Federal Government and make its functions more efficient
 - a. By providing consul to Somali officials
 - b. By monitoring future elections of 2020 – 2021
 - i. Through stressing the implementation of the 'one man – one vote' policy;
10. Encourages the Somali government to alleviate the burdens hindering Somali advancement by
 - a. Distributing power among political officials equally
 - b. Assisting the United Nations Development Program in order to establish a dependable judiciary system
 - c. Encouraging social integrity among each individual and the sovereignty of their views.

Passed by Consensus

1. Sweden
2. Ukraine
3. Russia