



Resolution Security Council/2.1

Security Council

Co-sponsors: Peoples Republic of China, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Plurinational State of Bolivia, Dominican Republic, Republic of Equatorial Guinea, Federal Democratic Republic of Ethiopia, Republic of France, Federal Republic of Germany, Republic of Indonesia, State of Kuwait, Kingdom of Netherlands, Republic of Poland, Russian Federation, Republic of South Africa, Kingdom of Sweden, United States of America, Kingdom of Belgium, Holy See, and Republic of Côte d'Ivoire

Topic: Non-Proliferation: Democratic People's Republic of Korea

Reaffirming previous resolutions, such as resolution 1540(2004), as well as the resolution 1659(2006),

Noting with concern that not all states have signed the Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT) and/or the Comprehensive Nuclear Test-ban Treaty (CTBT),

Remaining concerned by the threat of terrorism and/or warfare,

Expressing its appreciation for the help provided by many organizations,

Noting that both the suffering of the population of DPRK and the development of nuclear weapons are equally important issues that require both attention and solution,

Deeply disturbed that 44% of the population of North Korea is malnourished,

Recognizing the impact of past United Nations' actions relating to North Korea,

Guided by Chapter VII of the UN charter,

1. Calls upon closure of all North Korean (Add CD) nuclear test sites;
2. Requests all nations to sign and ratify both the NPT & the CTBT;

3. Encourages all member states to prepare action plans relating to North Korea on a willfully basis;
4. Authorizes the removal of all(add CD)sanctions on North Korea when the nation signs and ratifies the NPT & the CTBT, after ensuring that North Korea stops producing and start disposing all of its nuclear weapons;
5. Calls for all allies of North Korea to request its denuclearization and signage/ ratification of the NPT & the CTBT;
6. Requests continued upkeep of current UN resolutions on the subject of the DPRK;
7. Calls for Humanitarian aid to the people of the DPRK during this difficult transition;
8. Calls upon member states to contribute assets on a willfully basis, in order to solve the humanitarian crisis in the DPRK;
9. Requests the North Korean government to focus more on the health, well-being, and human rights, of the citizens of North Korea, rather than the development and use of (mod CD) nuclear weapons; and
10. Endorses the UNSC in remaining seized on the issue.