



Resolution Security Council/2.1

Security Council

Co-sponsors: United States of America, Russian Federation, Federal Republic of Germany, Dominican Republic, Republic of France, Republic of Peru, Republic of Equatorial Guinea, Republic of Indonesia, Kingdom of Belgium, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, People's Republic of China, State of Kuwait, Republic of Poland, Republic of South Africa, Republic of Côte d'Ivoire

Topic: Non-Proliferation: Democratic People's Republic of Korea

Alarmed by the rapid increase in the quantity of nuclear weapons manufactured by North Korea,

Having examined current ineffective sanctions and concluding that they should be modified or removed,

Deeply concerned about the well-being of the citizens of North Korea,

Noting with regret the fact that North Korea has backed out of several previous treaties pertaining to non-proliferation, including the Nuclear Test Ban Treaty, and the Non-Proliferation Treaty,

Having considered providing North Korea with economic aid and protection so that it feels inclined to relinquish its nuclear weapons program,

Seeking a diplomatic relationship between North Korea and other UN member states,

Desiring North Korea to disarm or repurpose all nuclear weapons in a peaceful way,

Keeping in mind the ultimate goal of nuclear non-proliferation,

1. Requests Indonesia the organization of a conference comprised of Six-Party-Talk members, Security Council members, and Relevant Disarmament and International Security Committee Côte d'Ivoire parties;
2. Affirms the necessity for the gradual reduction of the quantity of nuclear weapons existent worldwide;
3. Further invites the member states to help convert the nuclear weapons of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea into stable sources of energy;
4. Encourages the establishment of a team of scientists and engineers designated for the development of technology with the capability of disarming or defending against nuclear attacks initiated by the DPRK;
5. Recommends the significant reduction of the trade of nuclear materials, as well as the monitoring of the usage of such materials;
6. Encourages developed countries to provide economic support to the DPRK during its denuclearization process;
7. Calls upon the DPRK to re-sign treaties such as the NPT, and the NTB;
8. Requests that the current sanctions on the DPRK be modified or removed to ensure that they are fully effective;
9. Trusts that the DPRK will take action to positively and effectively boost their economy and improve the well-being of their citizens;
10. Encourages the DPRK to repurpose its nuclear weapons in a sustainable manner.