



Draft Resolution GA/3/2.1

General Assembly Third Committee

Co-sponsors: Republic of Azerbaijan, People's Republic of Bangladesh, Barbados, Kingdom of Bhutan, Republic of Botswana, Federative Republic of Brazil, Republic of Cabo Verde, Republic of Chad, Republic of Chile, Georgia, Republic of Guinea, Hungary, Republic of Indonesia, Ireland, State of Israel, Republic of Italy, Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan, Republic of Kenya, Kyrgyz Republic, Republic of Lebanon, Kingdom of Lesotho, Libya, Republic of the Marshall Islands, Islamic Republic of Mauritania, Montenegro, Romania, United Arab Emirates, United States of America

Topic: Prevention of Substance Abuse

Deeply concerned that the global illicit drug trade is valued at 321 billion US dollars,

Recognizing that many rely on illicit drug trafficking for a steady source of income,

Aware of the need to enforce all laws concerning illicit substances and substance abuse,

Noting with regret that the production and sale of illicit substances causes harm to many individuals,

Bearing in mind that substance abuse is a major problem around the world,

Recognizing that millions of people are affected by drug addiction,

Alarmed by the number of drug users who do not have access to treatment,

Taking note that many addicts are being criminalized rather than treated,

1. Encourages countries to re-enforce a police force which combats illicit drug trafficking;
2. Requests that countries increase border control;
3. Emphasizes the need for better work opportunities for people residing in drug ridden or impoverished areas;
4. Expresses its hope that countries will strengthen their efforts to eliminate illicit drug operations;
5. Further invites countries to help people find other ways of coping without illicit drugs;
6. Further encourages countries to finance struggling farmers to steer them away from growing illicit drugs;
7. Requests limits and strengthened enforcement for alcohol sales and consumption laws;
8. Expresses its hope that drug users can be offered rehabilitation before or during prison based on their countries laws and regulations;
9. Endorses more screening for drug abuse and trafficking using the infrastructure used for covid-19 vaccinations;
10. Encourages a mental health screening before medical patients are prescribed with opioid painkillers;
11. Calls upon member states to implement rehabilitation centers and care packages for addicts in order to provide safe and clean drugs to rehabilitation centers;
12. Recommends an online drug therapy for those who don't have an immediate access to rehabilitation centers;
13. Further request that individuals prosecuted for drug use or possession are offered rehabilitation in prison;

14. Draws attention to the stigmatisation of drugs users and calls upon governments and corporations to help create awareness for their situation;
15. Emphasizes the need for free needle sanitization clinics to limit HIV transmission before needles are used again as unsanitized needles can cause HIV and often users are not aware of the harm that is coming to people;
16. Expresses its hope for countries to have treatment for everyone, including mental health care for people with substance abuse issues;
17. Recommends celebrities use the social media platforms provided to them to make a change;
18. Draws the attention to a fundraising website for the treatment of drug abuse;
19. Calls upon countries to implement education and awareness around the world;
20. Expresses its hope that people spread awareness about drug abuse through many forms of media;
21. Suggests schools participate in a weekly class that informs youth about the harmful effects of substance abuse;
22. Further recommends that countries and people all around the world create and fund NGOs to help eliminate substance abuse and encourages countries to create an NGO to bring together the countries ambassadors to create awareness about the distribution of illegal drugs.